

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method of controlling an inkjet printhead containing a substantially closed duct in which ink is situated, said duct having at least one exit opening for the ink, which comprises:

- applying an actuation pulse to an electro-mechanical transducer so that the pressure in the duct changes in such a manner that an ink drop is ejected from the exit opening,
- measuring the electric impedance of the electromechanical transducer during the application of the said pulse, and
- adapting this actuation pulse on the basis of the measured impedance.

2. The method according to claim 1, wherein a voltage pulse is applied to the electromechanical transducer and the current generated by the electromechanical transducer is measured.

3. The method according to claim 1, wherein a current pulse is applied to the electromechanical transducer and the voltage generated by the electromechanical transducer is measured.

4. The method according to claim 1, which is used to attain the pressure required to eject the drop at a specific speed and at a predetermined time.

5. The method according to claim 1, which is used to change the pressure after the ejection of the drop.

6. The method according to claim 5, wherein after the ejection of the drop, the pressure is brought substantially to a reference value.

7. An inkjet printhead containing a substantially closed duct for holding ink, which duct has at least one exit opening for the ink, which comprises:

- an actuation circuit for applying an actuation pulse to an electromechanical transducer in such a manner that the pressure in the duct changes so that an ink drop can be ejected from the exit opening,
- a measuring circuit for measuring the impedance of the electromechanical transducer, and
- a control unit for adapting the actuation pulse on the basis of the measured impedance.

8. An inkjet printer provided with the inkjet printhead of claim 7.